

2023 年成人高等学校招生全国统一考试高起点

英 语

本试卷分第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题)两部分。满分 150 分。考试时间 120 分钟。

题 号	一	二	三	四	五	六	总 分	统分人签字
分 数								

第 I 卷(选择题,共 105 分)

得 分	评卷人

一、语音知识:共 5 小题;每题 1.5 分,共 7.5 分。在下列每组单词中,有一个单词的划线部分与其他单词的划线部分的读音不同。找出这个词。

1. A. party

2. A. laugh

3. A. aunt

4. A. room

5. A. nice
- B. star

B. cough

B. autumn

B. blood

B. pity
- C. war

C. enough

C. daughter

C. zoo

C. sit
- D. farm

D. though

D. cause

D. food

D. fish

得 分	评卷人

二、词汇与语法知识:共 15 小题;每题 1.5 分,共 22.5 分。从每小题的四个选择项中,选出最佳的一项。

6. I _____ basketball with my friends next weekend.

7. The room _____ I did my homework was too hot.

8. She enjoyed _____ how to look after young animals.

9. —Can we go home now?

—No, you _____.

10. Jack came to China ten years ago. He has been here _____ than his brother.

11. Jane _____ as a doctor since 2005.

12. He was _____ a book for his birthday.

13. Tina, the daughter of Mr. Smith, was born _____ April last year.

14. The shop owner told the driver _____ his car.
- A. play

A. why

A. learnt

A. can't

A. long

A. works

A. give

A. in

A. move
- B. will play

B. how

B. to learn

B. needn't

B. longer

B. will work

B. gives

B. to

B. moving
- C. played

C. when

C. learn

C. don't

C. longest

C. has worked

C. giving

C. at

C. to move
- D. have played

D. where

D. learning

D. doesn't

D. the longest

D. is working

D. given

D. on

D. moves

15. — _____ bike is this?

—I guess it's William's.

16. Would you like to visit Peter with _____ this weekend?

17. He is not using his phone, _____?

18. I took out my wallet, but there _____ no money in it.

19. I am excited _____ we are going to the Great Wall tomorrow.

20. I can't come out tonight _____ I've got too much housework.
- A. Whose

A. we

A. will he

A. has

A. but

A. because
- B. Whom

B. us

B. does he

B. had

B. that

B. unless
- C. Who

C. our

C. has he

C. was

C. which

C. until
- D. What

D. ours

D. is he

D. is

D. or

D. although

得 分	评卷人

三、完形填空:共 15 小题;每题 2 分,共 30 分。通读下面的短文,掌握其大意。然后,从每小题的四个选择项中选出可填入相应空白处的最佳选项。

My daughter was in her last year of high school. She wanted to have some adventures before she _____ 21 _____ the school. She took an adventure class. This was a class where _____ 22 _____ climbed to different heights. They began at 35 feet and _____ 23 _____ up from there.

When she told me this, I was _____ 24 _____. I knew she was afraid of heights. She came home and told me her first climb didn't go _____ 25 _____. She went up the 35-foot pole. She said she was fine _____ 26 _____ up the pole. When she got up there, she realized she had to _____ 27 _____ on a line to get to the other side. She looked down and saw how far she was from the _____ 28 _____. She felt frightened and began to _____ 29 _____. She said she had never felt this fearful in her _____ 30 _____. She was so afraid that she couldn't move and _____ 31 _____ to come down. When her feet _____ 32 _____ the ground, she started to cry.

She didn't want to _____ 33 _____ the class. She had no choice but to do all the other climbs. She didn't let _____ 34 _____ hold her back. She was able to finish the class with 12 climbs. She got an A. I'm so _____ 35 _____ of her.

21. A. had

22. A. workers

23. A. went

24. A. tired

25. A. down

26. A. giving

27. A. walk

28. A. school

29. A. run

30. A. time

31. A. pretended

32. A. touched

33. A. hold

34. A. joy

35. A. kind
- B. left

B. travellers

B. lined

B. changed

B. back

B. making

B. turn

B. sky

B. rise

B. life

B. acted

B. searched

B. fail

B. anger

B. proud
- C. started

C. students

C. warmed

C. ashamed

C. strong

C. climbing

C. sleep

C. home

C. shake

C. culture

C. promised

C. kicked

C. offer

C. fear

C. afraid
- D. attended

D. customers

D. looked

D. surprised

D. well

D. building

D. work

D. ground

D. jump

D. language

D. asked

D. covered

D. push

D. shock

D. hopeful

得分	评卷人

四、阅读理解:共 15 小题;每题 3 分,共 45 分。阅读下列短文,然后根据短文的内容从每小题的四个选择项中选出最佳的一项。

A

I love traveling. When I was a child, my parents used to take me to explore and learn about my little country, Israel. My first trip abroad was at the age of ten to Paris, France, and I fell in love with it. One thing I knew already—the world is big, and for me, it was just the beginning of a long journey to come.

Some of my best trips took place when I was young and traveled with my family. However, as I grew up and started traveling on my own, I realized how traveling had changed me. The planning, the traveling itself, being all alone, meeting new people, spending hours in airports and on buses, trying new things—all have taught me so much. Most important of all, it shaped me to be the person I am today. Meanwhile, I made new friends, started speaking new languages, discovered new places. But it is never enough—the excitement of traveling is priceless.

Since the end of 2015, I have been living in New York City (NYC) with my husband and our beautiful dog. We enjoy exploring NYC, as well as traveling around the world.

Nothing in my life has stopped me from traveling, but I am still learning how to balance (平衡) my daily work and hobby (爱好). My traveling patterns have changed through the years, but the fire inside keeps burning, and I know I'll never stop going on new trips.

36. What did the author do when she was ten years old?
- A. She moved to Israel. B. She left New York.
C. She took her first trip abroad. D. She started to keep a pet dog.
37. What is the author's biggest gain from traveling?
- A. It brought her to new places. B. It taught her new languages.
C. It offered her new friendship. D. It made her who she is.
38. What can we learn about the author from the last paragraph?
- A. She will not stop traveling. B. She hasn't changed her way of traveling.
C. She finds it difficult to control her anger. D. She is good at balancing her hobby and work.

B

Tom lives one block from a high school football stadium (体育场). One day, he decided he needed some money. His mother suggested that, with many people walking past their house almost every Saturday, he might try to sell something. That's when he came up with his great idea—selling apples.

The next Thursday afternoon Tom rode his bike to a farm stand (摊点). The farmer was selling just-picked apples. Tom chose the best apples he could find. He then put the apples into the basket of his bike and headed for home.

On Friday Tom invited his little sister and her friends to work with him. He asked them to wash and shine the apples. He put the big ones into one pile and the smaller ones into another.

Saturday was the day of a big football game. That morning Tom set up his apple stand. He hung a sign on it saying, "Apples. Large 10 cents. Small 5 cents." Around noon people started walking past the stand. He started selling apples. Long before the game began, he had sold every single apple.

Tom then sat down to see what he had earned. He counted five dollars and twenty cents. He subtracted (减除) one dollar and a half that he had paid for the apples. He subtracted another dollar that he had paid his little sister and her friends. He was two dollars and seventy cents richer. He began thinking of making his business larger.

39. Where did Tom get the idea of selling apples?
- A. From his sister. B. From his mother.
C. From a farmer. D. From a friend.

40. When did Tom buy the apples?
- A. On a Friday morning. B. On a Friday afternoon.
C. On a Saturday morning. D. On a Thursday afternoon.
41. What did Tom do with the apples he brought home?
- A. He put them into two groups. B. He washed them one by one.
C. He shined them with his sister. D. He kept them fresh in the basket.
42. How much money did Tom earn for himself?
- A. \$1. B. \$1.50. C. \$2.70. D. \$5.20.

C

Coco, Latte and Leo are hanging out at a cafe in Toronto. But they're not humans—they're cats. Meow Cat Cafe is a cafe where cat lovers can take pleasure in two of their favorite things: drinking coffee and playing with cats. "Petting the cats is very healing (治愈). It calms people," said Erica Yun, the owner of the cafe. While Yun and her daughter, Helen, serve up coffee, customers play with the cats.

Unlike other cafes, Meow Cat Cafe has a few rules. For example, customers can only stay for an hour. Also, the safety gates have to stay closed and everyone has to take their shoes off. There are six cats at the cafe, each a different kind. The cats, including Zeze, Chanel and Elsa, are the personal pets of the owner.

Customers connect with each other over their common interest—a love of cats. "I am getting such a kick out of them," said Lucy, a customer. She said she likes going to the cafe because it gives her the joy of having pets without all the troubles.

Meow Cat Cafe also sells cat jackets, food bowls and pillows for cats. For humans, there are handmade souvenirs (纪念品).

43. Coco, Latte and Leo are the names of _____.
- A. cats B. cafes C. shoes D. foods
44. What can customers do at Meow Cat Cafe?
- A. They can treat sick cats. B. They can play with the cats.
C. They can learn to make coffee. D. They can serve coffee to each other.
45. Which of the following is the rule made by Meow Cat Cafe?
- A. Customers cannot feed the cats. B. Everyone should take off their shoes.
C. Everyone must go through a safety door. D. Customers should stay for at least 1.5 hours.
46. Why did Lucy say she loves going to the cafe?
- A. She can go and see doctors there.
B. She can buy a cat as her own pet.
C. She can buy jackets, bowls and pillows for her cats.
D. She can play with the cats without looking after them.

D

Marie Kondo has become famous by tidying up (收纳) things. Ever since she was a child, Kondo has found joy in organizing objects. Now, 34, she has written a bestselling book and presented a TV show about it.

Kondo's way of tidying up things is known as the KonMari method. It sets out how to organize things. Its followers must first sort out (分类处理) clothes, then books, papers, and at last objects that are connected to a special memory. Anything that doesn't spark (激发) joy should be thanked and then thrown out.

Kondo has gathered many fans. She says, "If you want to lead a life that sparks joy, there's only one thing you must do. And that is to tidy your home."

However, some people said that the KonMari method is too *harsh*, especially when it comes to books. When Kondo said she only kept about 30 books in her home and had thrown away all the rest, many people were against her. They said that having books makes them happy. When they think of someone throwing away books or having only a few books, they become angry. But Kondo replied becoming angry shows how much they love books. That in itself is a very important advantage of tidying up.

47. What did Kondo like doing in her childhood?
A. Watching TV. B. Reading books.
C. Holding parties. D. Organizing things.
48. What kind of object should be sorted out first according to Kondo?
A. Bags. B. Books. C. Clothes. D. Newspapers.
49. What does *harsh* in the fourth paragraph mean?
A. Cruel. B. Silly. C. Strange. D. Useless.
50. What is the passage mainly about?
A. Kondo's fans. B. Kondo's books.
C. The KonMari method. D. The KonMari TV show.

第 II 卷 (非选择题,共 45 分)

得 分	评卷人

五、补全对话:共 5 句;每句满分为 3 分,共 15 分。根据中文提示,把对话中缺少的内容写在线上。这些句子必须符合英语表达习惯。打句号的地方,用陈述句;打问号的地方,用疑问句。

提示: Jack 碰到同学 Mike,两人聊起今晚的安排。
(J = Jack; M = Mike)
J: Hi, Mike. Are you doing anything special tonight?
M: 51.
J: Good. I've got two concert tickets. 52?
M: Sure. I'd love to. 53?
J: We are going there by car. I will give you a ride.
M: Great. 54?
J: We'll meet at the school gate. How about 6 o'clock?
M: Okay. See you then.
J: 55.

得 分	评卷人

六、书面表达:满分 30 分。

假设你是李华。你想和英语老师 Tom 约时间在网上练习口语。请给 Tom 写一封电子邮件,内容包括:

1. 建议练习口语的时间;
2. 协商练习口语的网络平台。
注意:1. 词数应为 100 左右;
2. 邮件内容须写在答题卡的指定位置。

参考答案及解析

- 一、语音知识
1. C 2. D 3. A 4. B 5. A
- 二、词汇与语法知识
6. 【答案】B
【应试指导】 本题考查时态。句意:下周末我要和朋友们打篮球。由时间状语 next weekend (下周末)可知,该句时态为一般将来时。故本题选 B。
7. 【答案】D
【应试指导】 本题考查定语从句。句意:我做作业的那个房间太热了。分析句子成分可知,空格处为定语从句的引导词,先行词是表示地点的名词 room,关系副词 where 在定语从句中作地点状语。故本题选 D。
8. 【答案】D
【应试指导】 本题考查固定搭配。句意:她喜欢学习如何照顾小动物。enjoy 后接动词时必须接动词的-ing 形式,不能接动词原形或动词不定式(to do),enjoy doing sth. 喜欢做某事。故本题选 D。
9. 【答案】A
【应试指导】 本题考查情态动词。句意:——我们现在能回家了吗? ——不,你们不能。当情态动词 can 用在一般疑问句时,肯定回答为“Yes,主语 + can.”;否定回答为“No,主语 + can't.”。故本题选 A。
10. 【答案】B
【应试指导】 本题考查形容词比较级。句意:杰克十年前来到中国。他待在这里的时间比他的兄弟长。than 用于比较两个事物之间的差异。形容词比较级的表达形式为“形容词比较级 + than + 比较对象”,long 的比较级形式 longer。故本题选 B。
11. 【答案】C
【应试指导】 本题考查时态。句意:简自从 2005 年就开始当医生了。当 since 表示“自从”时,通常与现在完成时连用。故本题选 C。
12. 【答案】D
【应试指导】 本题考查被动语态。句意:他被赠予了一本书作为生日礼物。分析句子可知,主语 he 与谓语动词 give 是被动关系。被动语态由“be + 动词的过去分词”构成。故本题选 D。
13. 【答案】A
【应试指导】 本题考查介词。句意:史密斯先生的女儿蒂娜去年四月出生。在英语中,当提到月份时,通常使用介词 in。故本题选 A。
14. 【答案】C
【应试指导】 本题考查固定搭配。句意:店主让司机把车开走。tell 作及物动词,意为“讲述,告诉”,后接双宾语。常用结构是 tell sb. to do sth.,意为“告诉/叫某人做某事”。故本题选 C。
15. 【答案】A
【应试指导】 本题考查疑问词。句意:——这是谁的自行车? ——我猜它是威廉的。分析句子成分可知,空格处需要一个疑问词来询问所属关系,whose 用来描述所属关系,意为“谁的”。故本题选 A。
16. 【答案】B
【应试指导】 本题考查代词。句意:这个周末你愿意和我们一起去拜访彼得吗? we 是第一人称主格,用作主语,用在动词之前;us 是第一人称宾格,用作宾语,用在动词或介词之后;our 是第一人称形容词性物主代词,用作定语;ours 是第一人称复数名词性物主代词。故本题选 B。
17. 【答案】D
【应试指导】 本题考查反意疑问句。句意:他没有在用他的手机,是吗? 反意疑问句是由陈述句和其后的省略问句组成,表现为“肯定陈述 + 否定疑问”或“否定陈述 + 肯定疑问”,两部分的人称和时态要一致。故本题选 D。
18. 【答案】C
【应试指导】 本题考查时态和语态。句意:我拿出钱包,但里面没有钱。本句描述的是过去的一个状态,所以需要使用时态。there 后通常接 be 动词来表达某处有某物或某人。故本题选 C。
19. 【答案】B
【应试指导】 本题考查宾语从句。句意:我很兴奋我们明天要去长城。that 在引导宾语从句时,在句子中不充当任何成分,只起连接作用。故本题选 B。
20. 【答案】A
【应试指导】 本题考查原因状语从句。句意:今晚我不能出门,因为我有太多的家务要做。分析句子可知,主句与从句之间存在因果关系,从句在句中用来说明主句原因。because 因为;unless 除非;until 直到……时候;although 虽然。故本题选 A。
- 三、完形填空
21. 【答案】B
【应试指导】 词义辨析题。作者的女儿在高中的最后一年想在离开学校之前进行一些冒险活动。had 拥有;left 离开;started 开始;attended 参加。故本题选 B。

- 22.【答案】C
【应试指导】词义辨析题。联系上文可知,作者的女儿参加了一门探险课程。由此可以推断出,参与到课堂中的是学生们。workers 工人;travellers 旅行者;students 学生;customers 顾客。故本题选 C。
- 23.【答案】A
【应试指导】固定搭配题。句意:学生们从 35 英尺的地方开始向上爬。went up 向上,上升;lined up 排队;warmed up 热身;looked up 查找。故本题选 A。
- 24.【答案】D
【应试指导】词义辨析题。联系下文可知,作者知道自己的女儿恐高。由此可以推断出,当女儿告诉自己她参加了探险课程时,自己感到惊讶。tired 疲倦的;changed 经过改变的;ashamed 感到羞愧的;surprised 惊讶的。故本题选 D。
- 25.【答案】D
【应试指导】固定搭配题。句意:她回家后告诉我,她第一次攀登得不太顺利。go down 下降;go back 返回;go strong 精力充沛;go well 进展顺利。故本题选 D。
- 26.【答案】C
【应试指导】词义辨析题。句意:她说她爬上杆子的时候很好。giving 赠送;making 制造;climbing 攀爬;building 建造。故本题选 C。
- 27.【答案】A
【应试指导】固定搭配题。句意:但当她爬上去的时候,她意识到她必须走在一条线上才能到达另一边。walk on 走在……上;turn on 打开;sleep on 睡在……上;work on 努力改进。故本题选 A。
- 28.【答案】D
【应试指导】词义辨析题。句意:她向下看,看自己离地面有多远。school 学校;sky 天空;home 家;ground 地面。故本题选 D。
- 29.【答案】C
【应试指导】词义辨析题。句意:她感到害怕,开始发抖。run 奔跑;rise 升起;shake 颤抖;jump 跳跃。故本题选 C。
- 30.【答案】B
【应试指导】词义辨析题。句意:她说她一生中从未感到如此恐惧。time 时间;life 一生;culture 文化;language 语言。故本题选 B。
- 31.【答案】D
【应试指导】词义辨析题。联系句意可知,女儿害怕得动弹不得。由此可以推断出,女儿太害怕了,所以请求下来。pretended 假装;acted 行动;promised 承诺;asked 请求,要求。故本题选 D。
- 32.【答案】A
【应试指导】词义辨析题。句意:当她双脚着地时,她哭了起来。touched 接触;searched 搜查;kicked 踢;covered 覆盖。故本题选 A。
- 33.【答案】B
【应试指导】词义辨析题。联系下文可知,她别无选择,只能做完所有其他的攀爬。由此可以推断出,她不想这门课不及格。hold 托住;fail 失败,不及格;offer 提供;push 推。故本题选 B。
- 34.【答案】C
【应试指导】词义辨析题。句意:她没有让恐惧阻止她。joy 高兴;anger 愤怒;fear 害怕,恐惧;shock 震惊。故本题选 C。
- 35.【答案】B
【应试指导】词义辨析题。联系上文可知,作者的女儿克服了恐惧,她不仅完成了 12 次攀爬,并且拿到了 A 的成绩。由此可以推断出,作者为女儿感到自豪。kind 亲切友好的;proud 自豪的;afraid 害怕的;hopeful 满怀希望的。故本题选 B。
- 四、阅读理解
- 36.【答案】C
【应试指导】事实细节题。根据第一段第三句可知,作者在十岁时第一次出国,去了法国巴黎。故本题选 C。
- 37.【答案】D
【应试指导】事实细节题。根据第二段第四句可知,作者认为旅行最重要的收获是塑造了现在的自己。故本题选 D。
- 38.【答案】A
【应试指导】事实细节题。根据最后一段可知,生活中没有什么能阻止作者旅行,但是作者仍在学习如何平衡自己的日常工作和爱好。这些年来,作者的旅行模式发生了变化,但是她内心的火焰一直在燃烧,作者知道自己永远不会停止新的旅行。故本题选 A。
- 39.【答案】B
【应试指导】事实细节题。根据第一段第三、四句可知,汤姆的妈妈建议他可以试着卖一些东西,因为每个周

- 六都有很多人从他们家门前经过。就在那时,汤姆想出了一个好主意——卖苹果。故本题选 B。
- 40.【答案】D
【应试指导】事实细节题。根据第二段可知,在下个星期四的下午,汤姆骑着自行车来到一个农家摊。有个农夫正在卖刚摘下来的苹果。汤姆挑选了他能找到的最好的苹果,并把苹果放进自行车的篮子里,带回了家。由此可知,汤姆是在星期四的下午买的苹果。故本题选 D。
- 41.【答案】A
【应试指导】事实细节题。根据第三段可知,在星期五,汤姆邀请他的小妹妹和她的朋友们和他一起工作。他让她们把苹果洗干净并擦亮。汤姆把大的苹果放在一堆,小的苹果放在另一堆。故本题选 A。
- 42.【答案】C
【应试指导】事实细节题。根据最后一段可知,汤姆总共赚了 5.20 美元,从中减去他支付的 1.50 美元用于购买苹果,再减去支付给他妹妹和她朋友的 1 美元,最后他自己赚了 2.70 美元。故本题选 C。
- 43.【答案】A
【应试指导】事实细节题。根据第一段第一、二句可知,Coco, Latte 和 Leo 在多伦多的一家咖啡馆里闲逛。但它们不是人类——它们是猫。故本题选 A。
- 44.【答案】B
【应试指导】事实细节题。根据第一段第三句可知,Meow Cat Cafe 是一家咖啡馆,爱猫人士可以在这里享受他们最喜欢的两件事:喝咖啡和与猫咪玩耍。故本题选 B。
- 45.【答案】B
【应试指导】事实细节题。根据第二段可知,与其他的咖啡馆不同,Meow Cat Cafe 有一些规则。例如,顾客只能待一个小时。此外,安全门必须保持关闭状态,每个人都必须脱掉鞋子。故本题选 B。
- 46.【答案】D
【应试指导】事实细节题。根据第三段最后一句可知,露西说她喜欢去这家咖啡馆,因为这里带给她养宠物的乐趣,但又没有养宠物的所有麻烦。由此可知,露西喜欢去这家咖啡馆的原因是她可以和猫咪一起玩而不用照顾它们。故本题选 D。
- 47.【答案】D
【应试指导】事实细节题。根据第一段第二句可知,自从童年起,Kondo 就从整理物品中找到了乐趣。故本题选 D。
- 48.【答案】C
【应试指导】事实细节题。根据第二段第三句可知,KonMari 方法指出首先应该分类整理的是衣服,然后是书籍、纸张,最后是与特殊记忆有关的物品。故本题选 C。
- 49.【答案】A
【应试指导】词义猜测题。根据第四段第二、三、四句可知,当 Kondo 说她只在家里保留了大约 30 本书,并把其余的书都扔掉时,许多人都反对她。这些人说有书会让他们快乐,当想到有人会扔掉书或只有几本书时,他们就会生气。由此可以推断出,许多人认为 KonMari 方法,特别是关于书籍的整理方法,过于严格和苛刻。故本题选 A。
- 50.【答案】C
【应试指导】主旨大意题。本文主要介绍了 Marie Kondo 和 KonMari 整理方法。文章介绍了这种方法的具体内容,以及一些人对此方法的看法。因此,本文的主要内容是关于 KonMari 方法。故本题选 C。

五、补全对话

51. Nothing /No
52. Would you like to go with me
53. How do we get there/ How can we go there
54. When and where shall we meet
55. See you

六、书面表达

Dear Tom,

I hope you are doing well. I'm writing to see if we could set up an online session to practice my spoken English. Would Saturday afternoon around 2:00 PM be a good time for you? I think it's a time when we're both free and can focus well. For the online platform, I'm comfortable with using Zoom or Skype, but I'm happy to use any other platform you prefer. Please let me know what works best for you.

Thanks a lot for helping me improve my English speaking skills. Looking forward to your reply.

Best wishes,
Li Hua